



WAUBETEK
Business Development Corporation
Investing in the Aboriginal Business Spirit
A Community Futures Development Corporation



Getting Started in Aquaculture Information Session

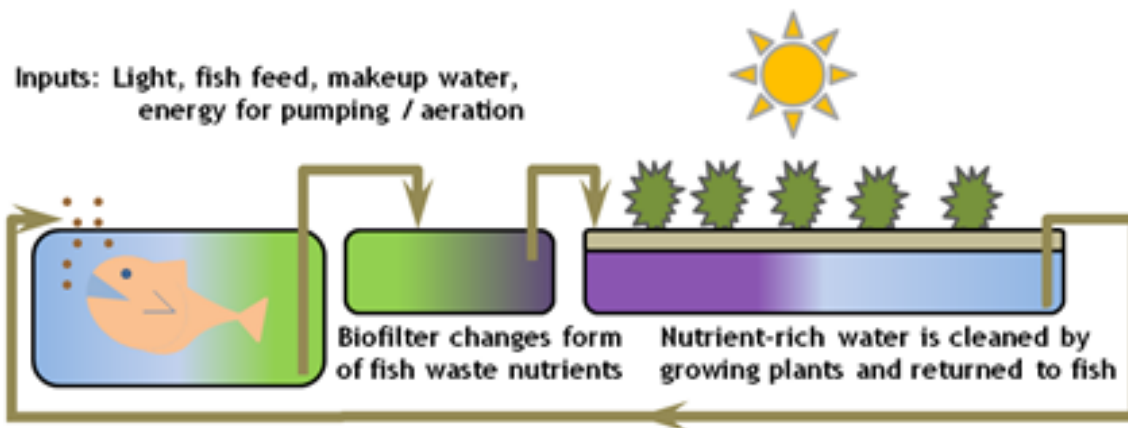
Aquaponics



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Why Aquaponics?

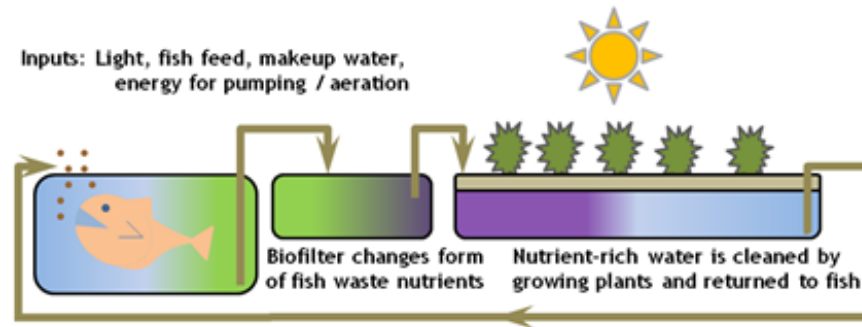
- ❖ Nitrate is a by-product in intensive aquaculture systems and must be removed
- ❖ Denitrification systems can be complex and add an additional cost
- ❖ Plants provide a denitrification function and provide an additional saleable crop



Coupled v. De-Coupled Systems

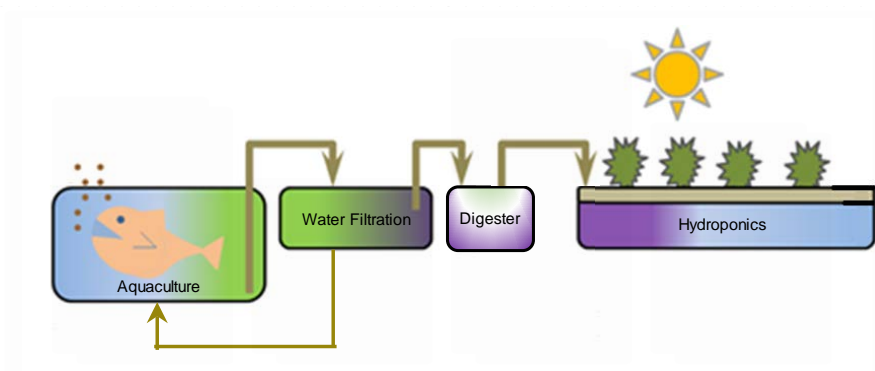
❖ Coupled Systems

- Common water for fish and plants



❖ De-coupled Systems

- Independent recirculation systems for fish and plants
- Nutrients are digested and then transferred to plants



Media Bed Technique

- ❖ Inert medium (clay balls, coco fibre) used to secure roots
- ❖ Beds flooded and drained or drip-irrigated
- ❖ Advantages:
 - High surface area for growth of beneficial bacteria in root zone
 - Excellent for vine crops
- ❖ Disadvantages:
 - In coupled aquaponics, media can trap solids and promote growth of deleterious bacteria



Deep Water / Raft Technique

- ❖ Common in aquaponics
- ❖ Plants float on rafts
- ❖ Advantages:
 - Allows for well-mixed, aerated troughs
 - Relatively low risk
 - Water volume provides thermal mass for stable temperatures
- ❖ Disadvantages:
 - Structural requirement to support weight of water
 - Solids settling in tanks



Nutrient Film Technique

- ❖ Plants placed in shallow troughs with fast-flowing water
- ❖ Advantages:
 - Higher plant densities
 - Lower weight enables vertical stacking



Fresh City Farms, Canada



WATERFARMERS
AQUAPONICS

Aqua Greens, Mississauga, ON

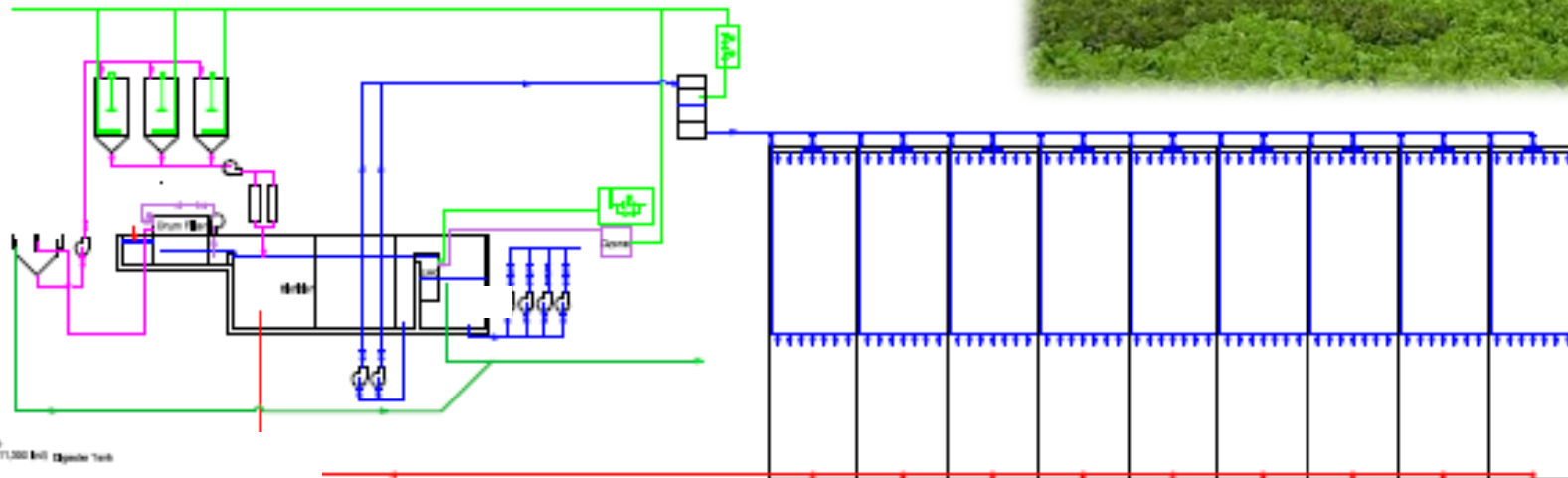


Trend AquaFresh Organics, Niagara

- ❖ 50 tonnes annual fish production
- ❖ 400,000 – 600,000 heads of leafy vegetables
- ❖ Organic certification for fish and vegetables



Standards Council of Canada
Conseil canadien des normes



CANADIAN
AQUACULTURE
SYSTEMS INC.
BIOENGINEERING TECHNOLOGIES &
BUSINESS MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS

AQUAPONICS Economics

Capital Expense

❖ Cost to build systems varies by **300%**

- High - \$45 sq. / ft.
 - 25+ year lifespan, concrete or FRP
 - Artificial Lighting
- Low - \$10.00 / sq. ft.
 - Lumber + Liner
 - Volunteer Labour

Completed Builds	sq Ft	Total Cost	Cost per Sq ft
Hong Kong	25,833	\$400,000	\$15.48
Bahrain	4,306	\$200,000	\$46.45
Oman	4,306	\$100,000	\$23.23
Toronto*	2,000	\$19,000	\$9.50
Newmarket^*	1,000	\$42,000	\$42.00
India	3,200	\$60,000	\$18.75

**Volunteer Labour only*

**Indoor Systems*

Production

- ❖ Production Estimates Vary Wildly
- ❖ Forecast from LEARNED EXPERIENCE
- ❖ Importance of phased build-out
- ❖ Feasibility, Partners, Human Capital

Retail Prices

- ❖ Organic up to +40% higher prices,
- ❖ Can you get certified?
- ❖ CSA vs. Retail vs. Farmers Markets
- ❖ Institutional Opportunities

AQUAPONICS Canadian Challenges

- ❖ Heating
- ❖ Artificial Lighting – bulb type, LED, waste heat output, Lumens, cost
- ❖ Risk is not well understood
- ❖ Supply chain is not well established
- ❖ Lack of human capital
- ❖ Steep learning curve
- ❖ Few commercially successful operations, no 'models'

Aquaponics v. Hydroponics

- ❖ Purdue University study (Flores et al. 2018)
 - Two experimental systems for production of basil, lettuce and cherry tomato
 - One aquaponics (tilapia) and one hydroponics (commercial fertilizers)
 - Capital cost was 8% higher for aquaponics
 - Operating cost was 12% higher for aquaponics

Table 1 – Financial results for aquaponics and hydroponics

Results	Hydroponics	Aquaponics			
		Non-organic prices	10% veg. price increase	20% veg. price increase	30% veg. prices increase
IRR (%)	48.7	18.27	32.61	45.83	58.51
NPV (\$)	73,872	20,144	47,447	74,750	102,052
Payback (yrs)	3.13	6.83	4.04	3.25	2.79
Benefit/Cost	1.36	1.11	1.22	1.32	1.43

Moose Cree First Nation Aquaponics

An Opportunity for Remote Communities

- ❖ Local production of nutritious fish and vegetables on a year-round basis leading to healthier diets
- ❖ More reasonable prices for fresh fish and vegetables
- ❖ Enhanced food security and self-sufficiency
- ❖ An opportunity to provide diversified experiences for youth and other community members
- ❖ Integrated with the science and culinary arts programs in the school system
- ❖ Employment opportunities within the community
- ❖ Potential spin-off opportunities utilizing by-products from the operation (e.g. processing by-products)

Products

Fresh, farmed-raised
fish and vegetables

❖ Fresh rainbow trout

- ~1,000 kilograms of fish / month
- 250 kg per week



❖ Leafy vegetables

- ~65,000 heads per year
- Lettuces, basil, spinach, herbs, etc.

❖ Specialty Crops (in future)

- Strawberries



Dutch Buckets

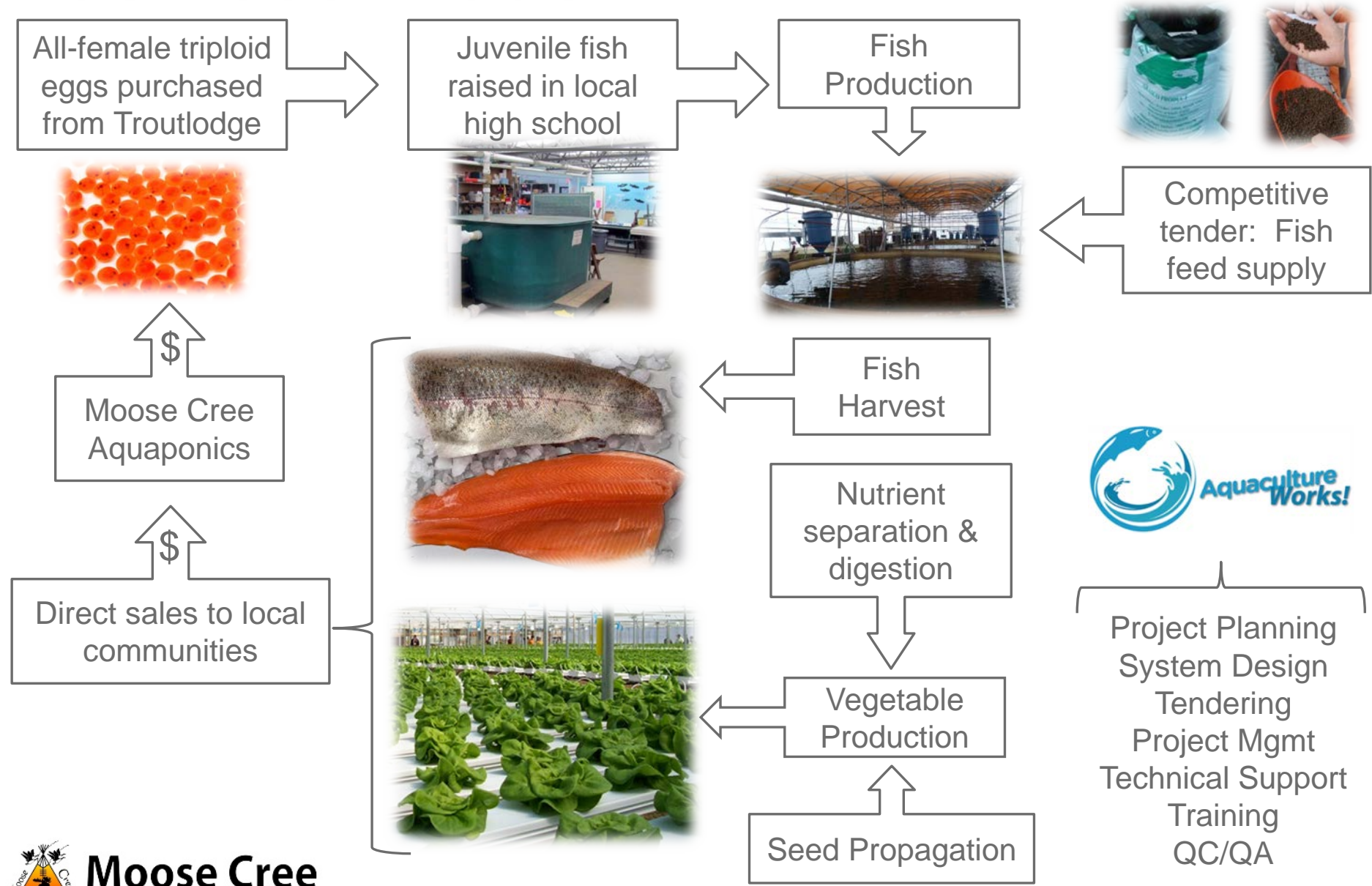


Nutrient Film Technique



Deep Water Raft Culture

Business Model



Community Model

- ❖ Developing a related curriculum for implementation in the local school is a key part of the initiative

Aquaculture

- ❖ Students will produce juvenile trout for on-growing in the venture
- ❖ Key curriculum components:
 - Biology
 - Environment
 - Mathematics
 - Chemistry



Hydroponics

- ❖ Students will propagate seedlings for on-growing in the venture
- ❖ Key curriculum components:
 - Biology
 - Environment
 - Mathematics
 - Chemistry



Culinary Arts

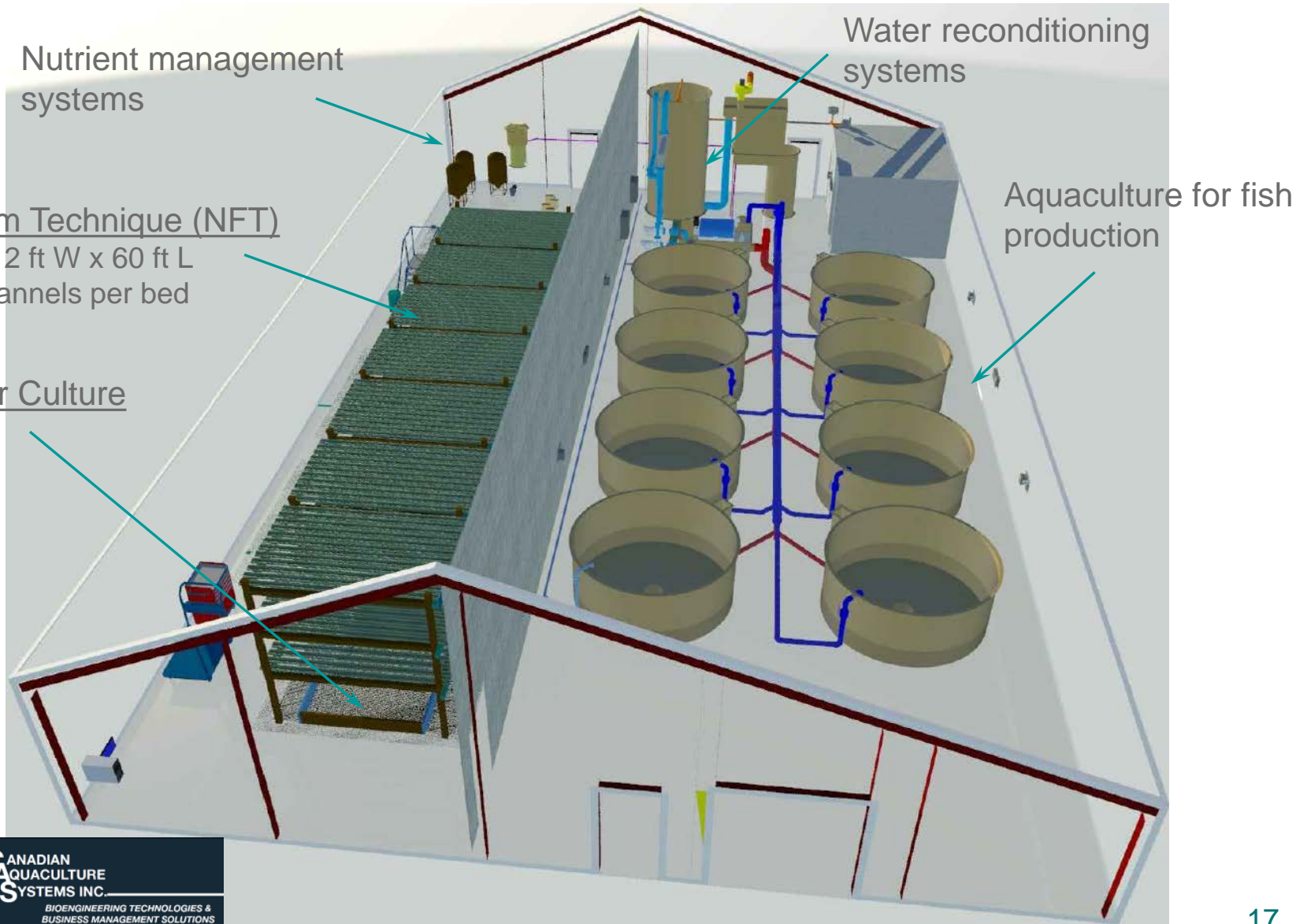
- ❖ Students will prepare meals using fish and vegetables from the venture
- ❖ Key curriculum components:
 - Food Preparation
 - Health & Nutrition
 - Food Safety



Aquaponics Venture

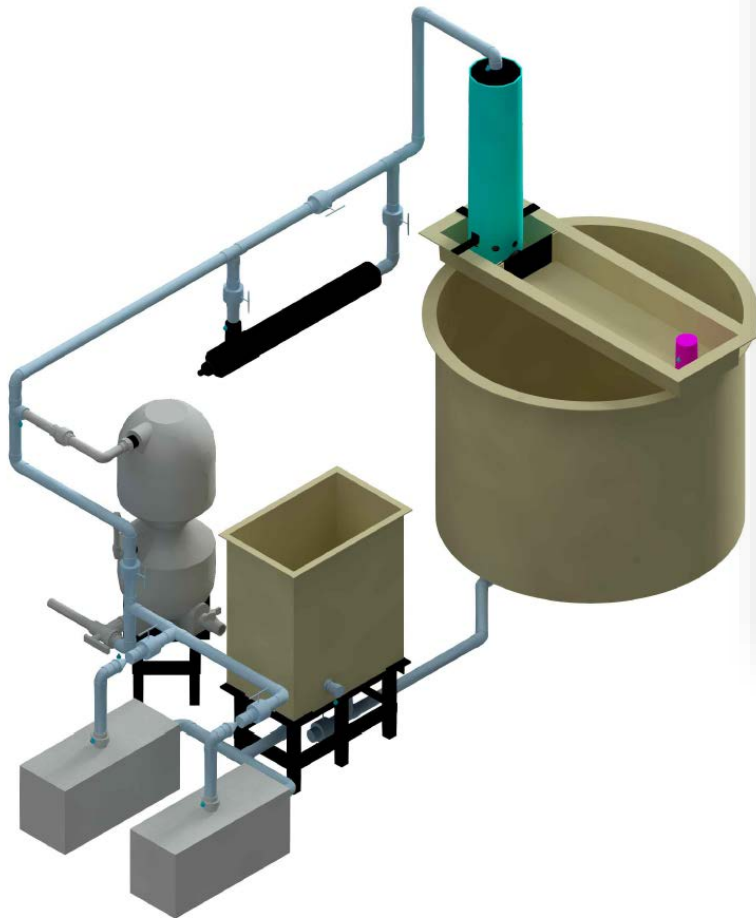


Moose Cree
First Nation



Moose Cree Aquaponics Demonstration System

Aquaculture System



Hydroponic System



Creating Prosperity – One Client at a Time

- ✓ Understanding the circumstances
- ✓ Developing innovative solutions
- ✓ Delivering results – on time, on budget, no surprises

www.canadianaquaculturesystems.com